1	H.154
2	Introduced by Representatives Sharpe of Bristol, Burke of Brattleboro,
3	Donovan of Burlington, Edwards of Brattleboro, Miller of
4	Shaftsbury, Mitchell of Barnard, Till of Jericho and Weston of
5	Burlington
6	Referred to Committee on
7	Date:
8	Subject: Motor vehicles; conservation; heavy-duty vehicles; idling;
9	prohibition
10	Statement of purpose: This bill proposes to prohibit motor vehicles with a
11	gross vehicle weight rating of more than 10,000 pounds from idling more than
12	five minutes in any 60-minute period unless authorized under rules adopted by
13	the commissioner of motor vehicles. Military, law enforcement, emergency,
14	and armored vehicles are exempted.
15	An act relating to idling of heavy-duty motor vehicles
16	It is hereby enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Vermont:
17	Sec. 1. FINDINGS
18	The general assembly finds that:
19	(1) Dozens of studies link particulate matter (PM), such as the PM in
20	diesel exhaust, to increased hospital admissions for respiratory diseases
	NT LEC 2/24/24

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1	including asthma, chronic obstructive pulmonary disease (COPD), pneumonia,
2	and heart disease. PM causes thousands of premature deaths annually in the
3	United States.
4	(2) Motor vehicle exhaust and gasoline vapors are sources of nitrogen
5	oxides and volatile organic compounds. Nitrogen oxides and volatile organic
6	compounds are precursors to ground-level ozone, which can trigger a variety
7	of health problems including chest pain, coughing, throat irritation, and
8	congestion; worsen bronchitis, emphysema, and asthma; reduce lung function;
9	and cause permanent lung damage.
10	(3) The United States Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) has
11	determined that diesel exhaust is a likely human carcinogen.
12	(4) Vermont businesses and organizations and the state will save money
13	by eliminating unnecessary idling of vehicles weighing more than 10,000
14	pounds. According to the American Trucking Association, engine wear from
15	idling can increase maintenance costs and shorten engine life. Green Mountain
16	Coffee Roasters saves approximately \$20,000.00 per year in fuel costs as a
17	result of its idling reduction policy. According to the Clean Air Task Force,
18	Vermont spent an estimated \$78 million in 2010 on health care costs related to
19	diesel exhaust.
20	(5) Idling burns fuel, emitting carbon dioxide, which is a major
21	contributor to greenhouse gas emissions and climate change.

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1	(6) Petroleum-based gasoline and diesel fuel are nonrenewable
2	resources and should be conserved when possible.
3	Sec. 2. 23 V.S.A. § 1110 is added to read:
4	§ 1110. IDLING OF HEAVY-DUTY MOTOR VEHICLES; LIMITATION
5	(a) Unless otherwise authorized by rules adopted by the commissioner of
6	motor vehicles or exempted under this subsection, no person who owns, leases,
7	or operates a motor vehicle with a gross vehicle weight rating of more than
8	10,000 pounds shall operate or allow the operation of the primary propulsion
9	engine of that vehicle for more than five minutes in any 60-minute period,
10	while the vehicle is stationary. The following motor vehicles shall be exempt
11	from this limitation on idling: a military vehicle; an ambulance; a police, fire,
12	rescue, or other vehicle being used in an emergency or law enforcement
13	capacity; or an armored vehicle when a person remains inside the vehicle to guard
14	the contents.
15	(b) The commissioner of motor vehicles, after consulting with the secretary
16	of natural resources, may adopt rules authorizing idling in excess of the limit
17	set forth in subsection (a) of this section if the commissioner finds that times
18	and circumstances exist when such idling is reasonably necessary. These times
19	and circumstances may include but are not limited to idling to operate
20	defrosting, heating, or cooling equipment to ensure the health or safety of the
21	operator or passengers, to operate auxiliary work-related equipment, or to
22	enable the engine to undergo maintenance or inspection. If adopting rules
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1	under this subsection, the commissioner shall review standards in effect in
2	other states and shall endeavor to maintain consistency with those standards.
3	(c) A person who violates this section commits a traffic violation and, on or
4	after January 1, 2012, if adjudicated of a violation shall be subject to the
5	following penalties:
6	(1) For a first violation, a warning ticket shall be issued to the vehicle
7	operator and the registered owner.
8	(2) For a second and subsequent violation within a two-year period, the
9	vehicle operator shall be subject to a fine of up to \$150.00 and the registered
10	owner shall be subject to a fine of up to \$500.00. If the registered vehicle
11	owner and the operator are the same person, that person shall be subject to one
12	<u>fine of up to \$500.00.</u>
13	Sec. 3. EFFECTIVE DATE
14	This act shall take effect on July 1 2011